

Offset	Size	Name	Description
00h	WORD	e_magic	0x4d, 0x5a. This is the “magic number” of an EXE file. The first byte of the file is 0x4d and the second is 0x5a.
02h	WORD	e_cblk	The number of bytes in the last block of the program that are actually used. If this value is zero, that means the entire last block is used (i.e. the effective value is 512).
04h	WORD	e_cp	Number of blocks in the file that are part of the EXE file. If [02-03] is non-zero, only that much of the last block is used.
06h	WORD	e_crlc	Number of relocation entries stored after the header. May be zero.

/* In-disk and In-memory module structure. See 'Windows Internals' p. 219 */

```
struct new_exe {
```

```
    WORD  ne_magic;                      /* Signature word EMAGIC */
union {
    struct {
        BYTE   ne_ver;                  /* Version number of the linker */
        BYTE   ne_rev;                 /* Revision number of the linker */
    };
    WORD   count;                     /* Usage count (ne_ver/ne_rev on disk) */
};
WORD  ne_enttab;                    /* Entry Table file offset, relative to the
beginning of                                         the segmented EXE header */

union {
    WORD  ne_cbenttab;              /* Number of bytes in the entry table */
    WORD  next;                   /* Selector to next module */
};

union {
    DWORD      ne_crc;           /* 32-bit CRC of entire contents of file.
calculation */                                These words are taken as 00 during the
    struct {
        WORD    dgroup_entry;       /* Near ptr to segment entry for DGROUP */
        WORD    fileinfo;          /* Near ptr to file info (OFSTRUCT)*/
    };
};

WORD  ne_flags;                   /* Flag word */
WORD  ne_autodata;               /* Segment number of automatic data
segment.                                         This value is set to zero if SINGLEDATA
and                                         MULTIPLEDATA flag bits are clear,
NOAUTODATA is                                         indicated in the flags word.
```

module's segment
table is segment

A Segment number is an index into the
table. The first entry in the segment

```
WORD ne_heap;                                /* Initial size, in bytes, of dynamic
heap added to the data segment. This value is zero if no
initial local heap is allocated */
WORD ne_stack;                                /* Initial size, in bytes, of stack
added to the data segment. This value is zero to indicate
no initial stack allocation, or when SS is not equal
to DS */
DWORD      ne_csip;    /* Segment number:offset of CS:IP */
DWORD      ne_sssp;    /* Segment number:offset of SS:SP.
If SS equals the automatic data segment
and SP equals zero, the stack pointer is set to the top
of the automatic data segment just below the
additional heap area.
```

```
+-----+
| additional dynamic heap |
+-----+ <- SP
|   additional stack   |
+-----+
| loaded auto data segment |
+-----+ <- DS, SS */
/* Number of entries in the Segment
Table */
/* Number of entries in the Module
Reference Table */
/* Number of bytes in the Non-Resident
Name Table */
/* Segment Table file offset, relative to
the beginning
of the segmented EXE header */
/* Resource Table file offset, relative to
the beginning
of the segmented EXE header */
/* Resident Name Table file offset, relative
to the beginning
beginning of the segmented EXE header */
/* Module Reference Table file offset,
relative to the beginning
beginning of the segmented EXE header */
/* Imported Names Table file offset,
relative to the beginning
beginning of the segmented EXE header */
```

```

    DWORD ne_nrestab;           /* Non-Resident Name Table offset,
relative to the
                                beginning of the file */
    WORD  ne_cmovent;          /* Number of movable entries in the Entry
Table */
    WORD  ne_align;            /* Logical sector alignment shift count,
log(base 2) of
                                the segment sector size (default 9) */
    WORD  ne_cres;             /* Number of resource entries */
    BYTE  ne_exetyp;           /* Executable type, used by loader.
                                02h = WINDOWS */
    BYTE  ne_flagsothers;       /* Operating system flags */
    char   ne_res[NRESBYTES];  /* Reserved */
};


```

On-disk segment entry struct new_seg { WORD ns_sector; / Logical-sector offset (n byte) to the contents of the segment data, relative to the beginning of the file. Zero means no file data */ WORD ns_cbseg; /* Length of the segment in the file, in bytes. Zero means 64K */ WORD ns_flags; /* Flag word */ WORD ns_minalloc; /* Minimum allocation size of the segment, in bytes. Total size of the segment. Zero means 64K */ }; In-memory segment entry struct new_seg1 {*

```

    WORD  ns1_sector;          /* Logical-sector offset (n byte) to the
contents of the segment
                                data, relative to the beginning of the
file. Zero means no
                                file data */
    WORD  ns1_cbseg;           /* Length of the segment in the file, in
bytes. Zero means 64K */
    WORD  ns1_flags;            /* Flag word */
    WORD  ns1_minalloc;         /* Minimum allocation size of the
segment, in bytes. Total size
                                of the segment. Zero means 64K */
    WORD  ns1_handle;           /* Selector or handle (selector - 1) of
segment in memory */
};


```

struct new_segdata {

```

union {
    struct {
        WORD      ns_niter;
        WORD      ns_nbytes;
        char     ns_iterdata;
    } ns_iter;
    struct {
        char     ns_data;
    } ns_noniter;
} ns_union;
};


```

```
};

struct new_rlcinfo {

    WORD  nr_nreloc;

};

struct new_rlc {

    char          nr_stype;
    char          nr_flags;
    WORD   nr_soff;
    union {
        struct {
            char          nr_segno;
            char          nr_res;
            WORD   nr_entry;
        } nr_intref;
        struct {
            WORD   nr_mod;
            WORD   nr_proc;
        } nr_import;
        struct {
            WORD   nr_ostype;
            WORD   nr_osres;
        } nr_osfix;
    } nr_union;
};

#define NR_STYPE(x) (x).nr_stype #define NR_FLAGS(x) (x).nr_flags #define NR_SOFF(x) (x).nr_soff
#define NR_SEGNO(x) (x).nr_union.nr_intref.nr_segno #define NR_RES(x) (x).nr_union.nr_intref.nr_res
#define NR_ENTRY(x) (x).nr_union.nr_intref.nr_entry #define NR_MOD(x)
(x).nr_union.nr_import.nr_mod #define NR_PROC(x) (x).nr_union.nr_import.nr_proc #define
NR_OSTYPE(x) (x).nr_union.nr_osfix.nr_ostype #define NR_OSRES(x) (x).nr_union.nr_osfix.nr_osres

#define NRSTYP 0x0f #define NRSBYT 0x00 #define NRSSEG 0x02 #define NRSPTR 0x03 #define
NRSOFF 0x05 #define NRPTR48 0x06 #define NROFF32 0x07 #define NRSOFF32 0x08

#define NRADD 0x04 #define NRRTYP 0x03 #define NRRINT 0x00 #define NRRORD 0x01 #define
NRRNAM 0x02 #define NRROSF 0x03 #define NRICHAIN 0x08

#if (EXE386 == 0)

#define RS_LEN(x) (x).rs_len #define RS_STRING(x) (x).rs_string #define RS_ALIGN(x) (x).rs_align
#define RT_ID(x) (x).rt_id #define RT_NRES(x) (x).rt_nres #define RT_PROC(x) (x).rt_proc
#define RN_OFFSET(x) (x).rn_offset #define RN_LENGTH(x) (x).rn_length #define RN_FLAGS(x)
(x).rn_flags #define RN_ID(x) (x).rn_id #define RN_HANDLE(x) (x).rn_handle #define RN_USAGE(x)
(x).rn_usage
```

```
#define RSORDID 0x8000

#define RNMOVE 0x0010 #define RNPURE 0x0020 #define RNPRELOAD 0x0040 #define RNDISCARD
0xF000

#define NE_FFLAGS_LIBMODULE 0x8000

struct rsrc_string {

    char      rs_len;
    char     rs_string[1];
};

struct rsrc_typeinfo {

    WORD    rt_id;
    WORD    rt_nres;
    DWORD          rt_proc;
};

struct rsrc_nameinfo {

    WORD    rn_offset;
    WORD    rn_length;
    WORD    rn_flags;
    WORD    rn_id;
    WORD    rn_handle;
    WORD    rn_usage;
};

struct new_rsrc {

    WORD          rs_align;
    struct rsrc_typeinfo    rs_typeinfo;
};

#endif

#pragma pack(pop)

#ifndef __cplusplus /* extern "C" */ #endif

#endif
```

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